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Abstract

Autopsy[®] is a digital forensics platform and graphical interface to The Sleuth Kit[®] and other digital forensics tools. It is an open-source tool for digital forensics which was developed by Basis Technology. This tool is free to use and is very efficient in the nature investigation of hard drives. It also consists of features like multi-user cases, timeline analysis, keyword search, email analysis, registry analysis, EXIF analysis, detection of malicious files, etc

The forensic investigation that is carried out on the disk image is displayed here. The results obtained here are of help to investigate and locate relevant information. This tool is used by law enforcement agencies, local police and can also be used in the corporates to investigate the evidence found in a computer crime. It can likewise be utilized to recuperate information that has been erased.



Autopsy for Kali Linux

The tool can manage cases, check the integrity of the image, keyword search and other automated operations.

- Investigator can analyse Windows and UNIX storage disks and file systems like NTFS, FAT, UFS1/2, Ext2/3 using Autopsy.
- Autopsy is used by law enforcement, military, and corporate examiners to conduct investigations on a victim's or a criminal's PC.
- One can also use it to recover photos from one's camera's memory card.



Autopsy Forensic Browser is a built-in application in Kali Linux operating system, so let's power on the Kali in a Virtual Machine.

Purpose of Autopsy



- For analysis of metadata information.
 - To recover the deleted data.
 - To search data based on regular expression.
 - To analyse the contents of a folder and its deleted files.
- To report the activities of the recovered image.

Creating a New Case

Open a new terminal and type 'Autopsy' and open *http://localhost:9999/autopsy* in your browser where you will be redirected to the home page of Autopsy Forensic Browser. It will run on our local web server using the port 9999.

root@Jeenali:~# autopsy
Autopsy Forensic Browser http://www.sleuthkit.org/autopsy/ ver 2.24
Evidence Locker: /var/lib/autopsy Start Time: Wed Aug 12 20:37:30 2020 Remote Host: localhost Local Port: 9999
Open an HTML browser on the remote host and paste this URL in it: http://localhost:9999/autopsy
Keep this process running and use <ctrl-c> to exit</ctrl-c>

Now you will see three options on the home page.

- Open Case
- New Case
- Help

For investigation, you need to create a new case and click on 'New case'. In doing this it will add a new case folder to the system and allow you to begin adding evidence to the case.

← → G	🛈 localhost:9999/autopsy 🚤 🗕
	WARNING: Your browser currently has Java Script enabled.
You do not need Ja	va Script to use Autopsy and it is recommended that it be turned off for
	Autopsy Forensic Browser 2.24
	http://www.sleuthkit.org/autopsy/
	OPEN CASE HELP

Now you will be directed to a new page, where it will require case details. You can Name the case and mention the description. You can also mention the names of multiple investigators working the case. After filling in these details, now you can select 'New case'.

← → C	<pre>① localhost:9999/autopsy?mod=0&view=1</pre>					
		CREATE A NEV	V CASE			
	numbers, and symbols.	me of this investig	ation. It can contain only letters,			
	Case1					
	2. Description: An op	tional, one line des	cription of this case.			
	Ignite Technolog	ies]			
	3. Investigator Name investigators for this c	s: The optional nat	mes (with no spaces) of the			
	a. Jeenali	b.	Raj			
	с.	d.				
	e.	f.				
	g.	h.				
	i.	j.				
	New Case		HELP			

The new case will be stored in i.e., /var/lib/autopsy/case1/, and the configuration file will be stored in /var/lib/autopsy/case01/case.aut. Now, create the host for investigation and click on 'Add Host'.



Once you add the host, put the name of the computer you are investigating and describe the investigation. You can also mention the time zone or you can also leave it blank which will select the default setting, time skew adjustments may be set if there is a difference in time and you can add the new host. Click on 'Add Host'.

① localhost:9999/autopsy?mod=0&view=7&case=Jeenali&inv=Jeenali&x
ADD A NEW HOST
1. Host Name: The name of the computer being investigated. It can contain only letters, numbers, and symbols.
Client
2. Description: An optional one-line description or note about this computer.
Ignite Technologies case study
defaults to the local setting. A list of time zones can be found in the help files.
defaults to the local setting. A list of time zones can be found in the help files.
seconds this computer's clock was out of sync. For example, if the computer was 10 seconds fast, then enter -10 to compensate.
10
5. Path of Alert Hash Database: An optional hash database of known bad files.
6. Path of Ignore Hash Database: An optional hash database of known good files.
ADD HOST CANCEL HELP

Add Image File

The path to the evidence directory will be displayed and now you can proceed to add an image for investigation.



It is a golden rule of Digital forensics, that one should never work on the original evidence and hence an image of the original evidence should be created. An image can be created in various methods and tools as well as in various formats.

Once the image is acquired, the 'Add Image File' option will allow you to import the image file to analyse.



Mention the path to the image file and select the file type. Also, choose the import method of your choice and click on 'Next'.

← → C	① localhost:9999/autopsy?mod=0&view=13&host=Client&case=Case1&inv
Case: Case1 Host: Client	ADD A NEW IMAGE
	1. Location Enter the full path (starting with /) to the image file. If the image is split (either raw or EnCase), then enter '*' for the extension.
	/home/jeenali/Desktop/image2*
	 2. Type Please select if this image file is for a disk or a single partition. Disk Partition 3. Import Method To analyze the image file, it must be located in the evidence locker. It can be imported from its current location using a symbolic link, by copying it, or by moving it. Note that if a system failure occurs during the move, then the image could become corrupt. Symlink Copy Move
	NEXT
	CANCEL HELP

You can now confirm the Image file being added to the evidence locker and click on 'Next'.



Image file details will appear and the details of the file systems, the number of partitions and the mount points will be displayed and then you can click on 'Add' to proceed.

Ä	<pre>③ localhost:</pre>	9999/aut	opsy?case=Case1&host=Cli	ent&inv	=Jeena	li&mod=0					
			Image File Details								
	Local Name: ",	Local Name: "/home/jeenali/Desktop/image2.e01"									
		File System Details									
	Analysis of the i	mage fil	e shows the following partit	tions:							
	<u>Partition 1</u> (Typ Add to case? Sector Range	e: Basic (2 : 2048 to	data partition) o 1085439								
	Mount Point:	C:	File System Type:	ntfs	~						
	<u>Partition 2</u> (Typ Add to case? Sector Range	e: EFI sy 2 :: 108544	stem partition) 10 to 1288191								
	Mount Point:	D:	File System Type:	fat32	~						
	<u>Partition 3</u> (Typ Add to case? Sector Range	e: Micros 2 : 128819	soft reserved partition) 92 to 1320959								
	Mount Point:	/3/	File System Type:	raw	~						
	<u>Partition 4</u> (Typ Add to case? Sector Range	e: Basic (2 : 132096	data partition) 50 to 83884031								
	Mount Point:	E:	File System Type:	ntfs	~						
	ADD		CANCEL	-	HELP						

Now the Autopsy will test the partitions and links them to the evidence locker, then click on 'Ok' to proceed.



$\begin{array}{c} \leftarrow \rightarrow \\ \mathbf{Case: Case1} \\ \mathbf{Host: Client} \end{array}$	<pre>① localhost: Sel</pre>	9999/autopsy?mod=0&view=16&c ect a volume to analyze or add a	ase=Case1&host= a new image file.	Client∈∨	
	CASE GAL	LERY HOST GALLERY	HOST MA	NAGER	
			0		
	mount	name	fs type		
	🔵 disk	image2.e01-disk	raw	details	
	O C:/	image2.e01-2048-1085439	ntfs	details	
	O D:/	image2.e01-1085440-1288191	fat32	details	
	🔵 raw	image2.e01-1288192-1320959	raw	details	
	O E:/	image2.e01-1320960-83884031	ntfs	details	
[Analyz	ZE ADD IMAGE FILE HELP		Host	
	File Activity Ti	ME LINES IMAGE INTEGRITY	Hash Dat	ABASES	

Now select the volume to be analyzed and click on 'Analyze'.

File Analysis

Now, it will ask you to choose the mode of analysis that you want to conduct and here we are conducting analysis of file, therefore click on 'File Analysis'.



Now files will appear, which will give you the list of files and directories that are inside in this volume. From here you can analyze the content of the required image file and conduct the type of investigation you prefer. You can first generate a MD5 hash list of all the files present in this volume to maintain the integrity of the files, hence click on 'Generate MD5 List of Files'.

\leftrightarrow \rightarrow G	⑦ localhost:9999/autopsy?mod=1&submod=2&case=Case1&host=Client&inv=Jeenali&vol=vol2									
	FILE ANALYSIS KEYWORD SEARCH FILE TYPE IMAGE DETAILS META DATA DATA UNIT HELP CLOSE									
Directory Seek Enter the name of	Current Directory: C:/ Add Note Generate MD5 List of Files									
a directory that you want to view. c:/	DEL Type dir / in		WRITTEN	Accessed	Changed	CREATED	SIZE	UID	GID	МЕТА
	Error Parsing File (Invalid Characters?): VV 256: \$OrphanFiles 0000-00-00 00:00:00 (UTC) 0000-00-00 00:00:00 (UTC) 0000-000 00:00:00 (UTC) 0000-00:00:00 (UTC) 0 0 0									
	r / r	<u>\$AttrDef</u>	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2560	0	0	<u>4-128-1</u>
File Name Search	r / r	\$BadClus	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	0	0	0	<u>8-128-2</u>
regular expression	r / r	<pre>\$BadClus:\$Bad</pre>	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	554692608	0	0	<u>8-128-1</u>
you want to find.	r / r	<u>\$Bitmap</u>	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	16928	0	0	<u>6-128-4</u>

Now you can see the MD5 values of the files in volume C of the image file.

$\leftarrow \rightarrow $ G	(i) loca	alhost:9999/autopsy?mod=2&vi
MD5 Values for files in C:/ (i ad617ac3906958de35eacc3d90d310 d41d8cd98f00b204e9800998ecf842 d41d8cd98f00b204e9800998ecf842 9e573661e664f9fe17e9994f68cfce	mage2.e01 43 - 7e - 7e - 6f -	-2048-1085439) \$AttrDef \$BadClus \$BadClus:\$Bad \$Bitmap
56be2ed9e3d8fa13c8601b4b4005c0 f0a15b15a16edf984bfb1688f12bbc d79a6bdb2341ab892664648e1406ce 0f2e6acdceecd0a34d50956a6be747 db406c8849fb549bb219c7ac88cfa7 29c8d340eedb44039c942149ee9fea 0ef04368ef411190e098df2d950ff1 7ff498a44e45e77374cc7c962b1b92 dd81a6db3b14245dc2e5ae4d3bf401 d41d8cd98f00b204e9800998ecf842	48 - 27 - dd - 47 - 4f - 72 - 5a - f2 - 40 - 7e -	<pre>\$Boot \$LogFile \$MFT \$MFTMirr \$Secure:\$SDS \$Secure:\$SDH \$Secure:\$SII \$UpCase \$UpCase:\$Info \$Volume</pre>

The file browsing mode consists of details of the directories that are shown below. The details include the time and date of the last time the directories were Written, Accessed, Changed and the time it was created with its size and also about its metadata. All the details are displayed in this, so in order to view the metadata, click on the 'Meta' option of Log file that you want to view.

DEL	Type <u>dir</u> / in		WRITTEN	Accessed	CHANGED	CREATED	Size	UID	GID	Мета
Erro V/V 2 (UTC	Error Parsing File (Invalid Characters?): V/V 256: \$OrphanFiles 0000-00-00 00:00:00 (UTC) 0000-00 00:00:00 (UTC) 0000.00.00 (UTC) 0000-00.00 00:00:00 (UTC) 0.0.0									
	r / r	<u>\$AttrDef</u>	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2560	0	0	<u>4-128-1</u>
	r / r	\$BadClus	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	0	0	0	<u>8-128-2</u>
	r / r	<u>\$BadClus:\$Bad</u>	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	554692608	0	0	<u>8-128-1</u>
	r / r	<u>\$Bitmap</u>	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	16928	0	0	<u>6-128-4</u>
	r / r	<u>\$Boot</u>	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	8192	48	0	<u>7-128-1</u>
	d / d	<u>\$Extend/</u>	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	552	0	0	<u>11-144-4</u>
	 r / r	<u>\$LogFile</u>	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	4374528	0	0	<u>2-128-1</u>
	r / r	<u>\$MFT</u>	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	262144	0	0	<u>0-128-6</u>
	r / r	<u>\$MFTMirr</u>	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	4096	0	0	<u>1-128-1</u>
	r / r	<u>\$Secure:\$SDH</u>	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	56	0	0	<u>9-144-11</u>
	r / r	<u>\$Secure:\$SDS</u>	2019-10-30	2019-10-30	2019-10-30	2019-10-30	263604	0	0	<u>9-128-8</u>

Here you can see the metadata information about the directory. In order to see more details, click on the first cluster '44067' in order to view its header information to find any relevant information to the case.

FILE ANALYSIS KEYW	INTER SEARCH FILE TYPE IMAGE DETAILS META DATA DATA UNIT HELP CLOSE
MFT Entry Number:	\$FILE_NAME Attribute Values: Flags: Hidden, System
2-128-1	Name <mark>t \$LogFile</mark> Parent MFT Entry: 5 Sequence: 5
	Allocated Size: 4374528 Actual Size: 4374528 Created: 2019-10-30 02:15:58.098799200 (IST) File Modified: 2019-10-30 02:15:58.098799200 (IST) MET Modified: 2019-10-30 02:15:58.098799200 (IST)
ALLOCATION LIST	Accessed: 2019-10-30 02:15:58.098799200 (IST)
	Attributes: \$STANDARD INFORMATION (<u>16-0</u>) Name: N/A Resident size: 72
	<pre>\$FILE_NAME (48-2) Name: N/A Resident size: 82 \$DATA (128-1) Name: N/A Non-Resident size: 4374528 init_size: 4374528</pre>
	<u>44067 44068 44069 44070 44071 44072 44073 44074</u> <u>44075 44076 44077 44078 44079 44080 44081 44082</u>
	<u>44083 44084 44085 44086 44087 44088 44089 44090</u> <u>44091 44092 44093 44094 44095 44096 44097 44098</u>
	$\frac{44099}{44107} \frac{44100}{44108} \frac{44102}{44104} \frac{44103}{44104} \frac{44105}{44105} \frac{44106}{44114} \frac{44107}{44114} \frac{44109}{44114} \frac{44111}{44114} \frac{4411}{44114} \frac{4411}{44114} \frac{4411}{4414} \frac{4411}{44114} \frac{4411}{44114} $
	$\frac{44115}{44116} \frac{44116}{44117} \frac{44118}{44119} \frac{44119}{44120} \frac{44120}{44121} \frac{44121}{44120} \frac{44121}{44120} \frac{44121}{44120} \frac{44120}{44120} \frac{44120}{441$
	$\frac{44131}{44132} \frac{44133}{44134} \frac{44135}{44134} \frac{44135}{44135} \frac{44135}{44134} \frac{44135}{44144} \frac{44135}{44146} \frac{44145}{44146}$
	$\frac{44147}{44148} \frac{44149}{44150} \frac{44150}{44151} \frac{44151}{44152} \frac{44153}{44161} \frac{44154}{44162}$
	$\frac{44103}{44171} \frac{44103}{44172} \frac{44105}{44173} \frac{44105}{44174} \frac{44107}{44175} \frac{44108}{44177} \frac{44179}{44176} \frac{44177}{44178}$
	$\frac{44179}{44180} \frac{44101}{44192} \frac{44102}{44193} \frac{44183}{44183} \frac{44185}{44194} \frac{44185}{44197} \frac{44199}{44194} \frac{44192}{44194} \frac{4419}{44194} \frac{4419}{44194} \frac{4419}{44194} \frac{4419}{44194} \frac{4419}{44194} \frac{4419}{44194} \frac{4419}{44194} \frac{4419}{44194} 44$



Here you can see the information about the header of the cluster.

File Analysis Keyw	ORD SEARCH FILE TYPE IMAGE DETAILS META DATA DATA UNIT HELP CLOSE
Cluster Number:	Cluster: 44067 Status: Allocated Find Meta Data Address
44067	ASCII Contents of Cluster 44067 in image2.e01-2048-1085439
Number of Clusters: 1 Cluster Size: 4096 Address Type:	RSTR. .0. .9N
Regular (dd)	

Then in order to view the file types of the directories, then click on 'File Type'

← → G	localhos	t :9999/auto	opsy?mod=1⊂	omod=2&case=Case1	&host •••	
File Analysis Keywor	DSEARCH	FILE TYPE	IMAGE DETAILS		DATA UNIT HELP	X
Directory Seek		t Directory	: <u>C:/</u> Generate MD5			
you want to view.	DEL	Type <u>dir</u> / <u>in</u>		WRITTEN	Accessed	Снаг
	Error Parsing File (Invalid Characters?): V/V 256: \$OrphanFiles 0000-00-00 00:00:00 (UTC) 0000-00-00 00:00:00 (UTC) 0000-00-00 00:00:00 (UTC) 0000-00-00 00:00:00 (UTC) 0 0 0					
		r / r	<u>\$AttrDef</u>	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	201 02:1
File Name Search		r / r	\$BadClus	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)	201 02:1
regular expression		r / r	<u>\$BadClus:\$Bad</u>	2019-10-30	2019-10-30	201

File Type

Here you will be able to sort the files based on the different types of files in the volume. By using this feature, you can examine allocated, unallocated as well as hidden files. To sort the file, click on 'Sort Files by Type'.



Click on 'Sort files into categories by type' which is selected by default and then click 'OK' to start sorting the files.

FILE ANALYSIS KEYWORD SEARCH FILE TYPE IMAGE DETAILS META DATA DATA UNIT			
Sort Files by Type	File Type Sortings		
<u>View Sorted</u> <u>Files</u>	The sorter tool will process an image and organize the files based on their file type. The files are organized into categories that are defined in configuration files. The categories will be saved in the output directory.		
	 WARNING: This will overwrite any existing data in: /var/lib/autopsy/Casel/Client/output/sorter-vol2/ Sort files into categories by type 		
	Do not save data about unknown file types		
	require lots of disk space)		
	Save ONLY graphic images and make thumbnails (may require lots of disk space and will save to a different directory than sorting all file types)		
	Extension and File Type Validation		

The categories of the file types will be displayed. Now to view the sorted files, click on 'View sorted files' and you will be displayed the list of sorted files.

FILE ANALYSIS	Keyword Search File Type Image Details Meta Data
Sort Files by Type View Sorted Files	Kerword Search File Type Image Details Meta Data Images . /var/lib/autopsy/Case1/Client/images/image2.e01 Files (38) Files Skipped (13) • Non-Files (13) • Reallocated Name Files (0) • 'ignore' category (0) Extensions • Extension Mismatches (0) Categories (25) • archive (0) • audio (0)
	 compress (0) crypto (0) data (17) disk (2) documents (1) exec (0) images (3) system (0) text (0) unknown (2) video (0)

The output folder locations will vary depending on the information specified by the user when first creating the case, but can usually be found at /var/lib/autopsy/Case1/Client/output/sorter-vol2/index.html. Once the index.html file has been opened, click on the images to view its contents.

← → C ③ file:///var/lib/autopsy/Case1/Client/
sorter output
Images
 /var/lib/autopsy/Case1/Client/images/image2.e01
Files (38)
Files Skipped (13)
 Non-Files (13) Reallocated Name Files (0) 'ignore' category (0)
Extensions
• Extension Mismatches (0)
Categories (25)
 archive (0) audio (0) compress (0) crypto (0) <u>data</u> (17) <u>disk</u> (2) <u>documents</u> (1) exec (0) <u>images</u> (3) system (0) text (0) <u>unknown</u> (2) video (0)

Now you can see Images categories and further investigate the files depending on the case requirement.



Image Details

Now click on the Image details options to view the important details about this image file.

$\leftarrow \rightarrow C $ $\odot \iota$	ocalhost:9999/autop	sy?mod=1&subm	od=2 •••		
FILE ANALYSIS KEYWORD SEARCH FILE TYPE IMAGE DETAILS META DATA					
Directory Seek	Current Directory	7: <u>C:/</u>			
	ADD NOTE	GENERATE MDS	5 LIST OF FILES		
Enter the name of					
a directory that you want to view. c:/	DEL Type dir / in		WRITTEN		
	Error Parsing File (Invalid Charac	cters?):		
	V/V 256: \$OrphanFi	iles 0000-00-00	00:00:00 (UTC		
VIEW	(UTC) 0000-00-00 0	0:00:00 (UTC)	0000-00-00 00:(
	r / r	<u>\$AttrDef</u>	2019-10-30		
Ella Manua Casarah			02:15:58 (IST		
Flie Name Search	r / r	\$BadClus	2019-10-30		
Enter a Perl			02:15:58 (IST		
regular expression	<u> </u>	¢Rad(`luc+\$Rad	2010 10 20		

Here in this option of file analysis you can see file system information, first cluster of MFT, cluster size etc.



Keyword Search

To ease the search of a file or document you can make use of keyword search option to make your investigation time-efficient. Click on 'Keyword Search 'to proceed.

$\leftarrow \rightarrow \mathbf{C}$ (i) localhost:9999/autopsy?mod=1&submod=2& \equiv				
FILE ANALYSIS KEYWORD SEARCH FILE TYPE IMAGE DETAILS META DATA				
Directory Seek	Current Directory: <u>C:/</u>			
	ADD		GENERATE MD	5 LIST OF FILES
Enter the name of				
you want to view.	DEL	Type <u>dir</u> / <u>in</u>		WRITTEN
	Error	Parsing File	(Invalid Chara	cters?):
Marine	V/V 256: \$OrphanFiles 0000-00-00 00:00:00 (UTC) 0((UTC) 0000-00-00 00:00:00 (UTC) 0000-00-00 00:00:(
		r / r	<u>\$AttrDef</u>	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)
File Name Search		r / r	\$BadClus	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)
regular expression for the file names		r / r	<u>\$BadClus:\$Bad</u>	2019-10-30 02:15:58 (IST)
you want to find.		<u>n / n</u>	¢Ritman	2010 10 20

You can input the keyword or any relevant string to proceed with the investigation and click on search.

